

NOTE: The Jewish leaders hire a Roman orator and lawyer, Tertullus, to plead their case against Paul. Paul ably defends himself. While in custody in Caesarea, Paul spends time with Felix, the new governor of Judea, who tries to placate the Jewish leaders.

1. Tertullus pleads the Jewish case against Paul.
 - a. How did he begin his case against Paul? (Acts 24:2-4)
 - b. Why do you think he took this approach?
2. What were the two accusations Tertullus made against Paul? (Acts 24:5)
3. How did Paul introduce his defense? (Acts 24:10)
4. How does Paul respond to each of the accusations Tertullus made? (Acts 24:11-18)
5. What are three terms that have been used to identify followers of Christ? (Acts 24:5, 14; Acts 11:26)
6. How did Paul assist his fellow Jews? (Acts 24:17; 1Cor 16:1-4)
7. For what specific belief did Paul say he was on trial? (Acts 24:21)
8. *Challenge question:* Why would Paul's explanation of the real reason for his trial be a reason for violent dissension among the Jewish leaders and Council? (Acts 23:6-10)
9. While Paul was in custody in Caesarea, he spent time with Felix.
 - a. How did Felix's wife get involved in Paul's case? (Acts 24:24)
 - b. How did Paul's discussion with Felix frighten the governor? (Acts 24:25)
 - c. What did Felix hope Paul would offer, so that he could simply dismiss the case quietly? (Acts 24:26)
10. Why did Felix keep Paul in custody for two years? (Acts 24:26-27)